Look-Fors In Document Based Questioning 4-5

Format: Students explore primary source documents designed to encapsulate historical thinking and writing skills. Students engage in close analysis and interrogation of documents, deep reading for understanding, and powerful evidence-based, argumentative writing in both a whole group and a small group setting.

Purpose: Students should be able to engage in a clear, spiraling set of thinking and writing experiences that address their current social studies and literacy standards. Students should engage in complex text, and should be provided opportunities to grapple with a variety of primary and secondary sources.

Document Based	
Questioning	Teacher /Student Actions
Components	·
	Students: Discuss hook situations in pairs or small groups,
	debate responses, ask questions, and make real-life connections
Facilitating the "Hook	to text.
Exercise."	to tond
	Teacher : Delivers directions, facilitates discussions, formatively
	assesses, and asks probing questions to students.
	Students: Ask questions of the text, annotate text, practice
Dooding and	literacy strategies, craft 2-3 sentence summaries of the
Reading and Understanding The	background essay including time, place, and story.
Background Essay	
Dackground Essay	Teacher : Asks scaffolded questions, models literacy strategies,
	models text annotation, and monitors student literacy practice.
	Students : Rewrite the essential question in their own words
Understanding the	and make predictions.
Question and Pre-	
Bucketing	Teacher: Asks probing questions, models dissection and interpretation of the question, and facilitates prediction lists.
	Students: Formulate questions for documents; work with
	scaffolded questions, discuss documents in groups, and record
	evidence on document analysis sheets.
Document Analysis	
	Teacher: Models the use of document analysis steps, and the
	use of document analysis sheets. Utilizes the Gradual Release of
	Responsibility Method, and models the annotation process of the documents.
	the documents.

Bucketing	Students: Label buckets and sort documents. Revisit prediction lists to finalize bucket labels, and utilize the chickenfoot for thesis creation.
	Teacher : Models bucket development and sorts documents. Conducts formative checks throughout the lesson to gauge student understanding.
Thrash Out (Accountable Talk/Debate)	Students: Debate with other students, revise document analysis notes, and support views with document evidence. Teacher: Facilitates debate, encourages students to use documents as evidence to support views.
Opinion/Argumentative Essay	Students: Rainbow highlight sample essays, review self-scoring rubrics, utilize outline guides, and write essays using notes, document analysis sheets, and outline guides. Teacher: Defines the opinion/argumentative essay, reviews the elements of an argumentative essay, reviews parts of a proficient essay, differentiates instruction.